

Annual Report 2024

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o.

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Foreword by the President of the Company



Despite the difficult conditions that accompanied the automotive industry in Europe, we managed to implement the planned projects and continue to innovate, produce and support the region.

We produced 330,890 vehicles, thus meeting the production plan. This built on the success of previous years, when we were able to overcome the effects of the pandemic, disrupted supply chains and the semiconductor crisis to produce 322,500 cars in 2022 and 340,500 a year later. The demand for electric vehicles in Europe has not grown as expected, which is reflected in our production results. However, thanks to high production efficiency, interest in internal combustion and hybrid vehicles, and the capabilities of our employees and suppliers, we were able to cope with the difficult circumstances.

In April, production of the Hyundai Kona Electric in the N Line model was launched, giving it a more aggressive and sporty look. At the same time, two other models, the Tucson and i30, underwent facelifts, taking them to the next level in terms of design, technology and safety.

The Tucson attracted special attention in the summer months. In June, this popular SUV rolled off the production line with a serial number of 2 million. Two months later, in August, the Tucson celebrated 20 years on the European market. A special edition was designed to mark this anniversary.

We won many awards last year. We became the Employer of the Year in the Moravian-Silesian Region and ranked 2nd in the entire Czech Republic in the category of companies with up to 5,000 employees. Once again, we can be proud of the prestigious TOP Responsible Large Company 2024 title, which recognises the best companies in the Czech Republic for their approach to sustainable and responsible business - we have moved up from 23rd place last year to 9th place.

An important part of our corporate culture is the commitment to be a good neighbour in the community. That is why we supported projects in the surrounding municipalities, both financially and by actively involving our employees. We contributed to help the region affected by the devastating flood – through a public collection on the Donio portal, we donated CZK 10 million to support the affected areas, and our employees were also involved in cleaning up the damage. We also supported selected events in the region and continued partnerships focused on sport, the environment and education. We intend to continue these beneficial activities, with an emphasis on sustainable business and the development of the region's economy and quality of life.

The year 2025 will bring a number of challenges for Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech. The electric vehicle market and stringent emissions regulations will require careful production planning and coordination with supplier capabilities. Despite the difficult situation in the automotive industry, I firmly believe that we are ready to face all challenges successfully.

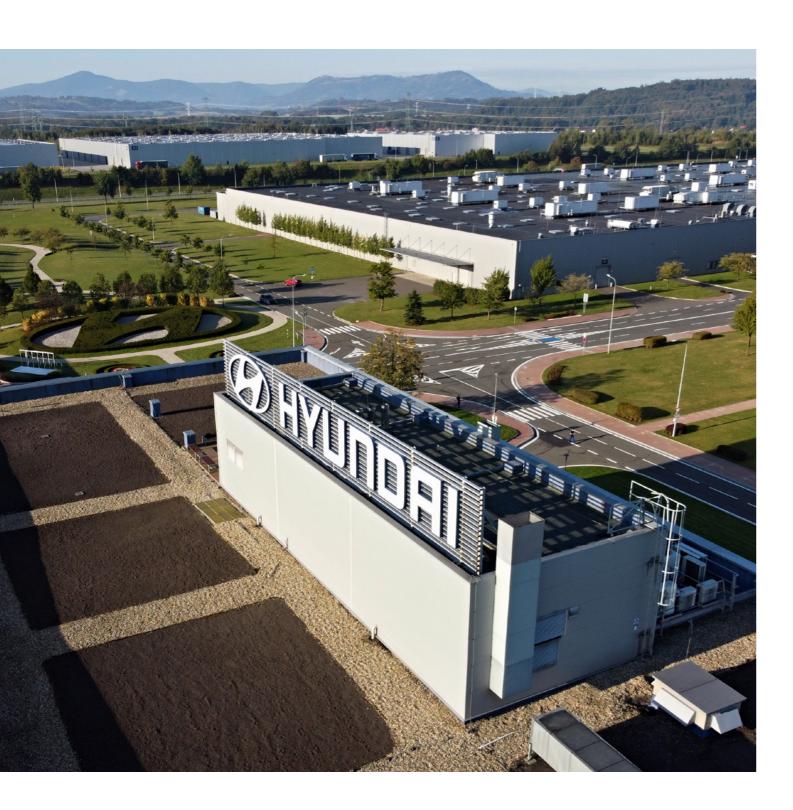
I am presenting the Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2024.

In Nižní Lhoty on 10 March 2025

Changki Lee President and CEO

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o.

Company's Profile





The current model line-up consists of the Hyundai Tucson, i30 models in several body styles, the Kona Electric and the sporty i30 N. Since its launch in 2008, more than 4.7 million vehicles have been produced and exported to 75 countries around the world.

In light of the growing interest in automatic transmissions and electrified vehicles, HMMC ended production of manual transmissions in February after more than 15 years. Most of the employees of the Transmission Shop found employment in other positions. In spring 2025, the rebuilding of the production hall into a Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o. facility dedicated to the assembly of battery systems for electric vehicles will be completed.

The Plant's Area	200 ha	
Built Up Area	28,3 ha	
Total Investment	EUR 2.05 billion	
Number of Employees as of 31 December 2024	3,051 (including agency employees)	
Share of Czech Citizens	93,2 %	
Male/ female Ratio	83,6 % / 16,4 %	
Production Capacity	350,000 cars per year	







Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. Annual Report 2024

Company Management

as of 31 December 2024





Changki Lee
President



Kyu Bok Jung Head of the Finance Division



Martin KlíčníkHead of the Production Division



Sunsu KimHead of the Procurement
and Parts Development Division

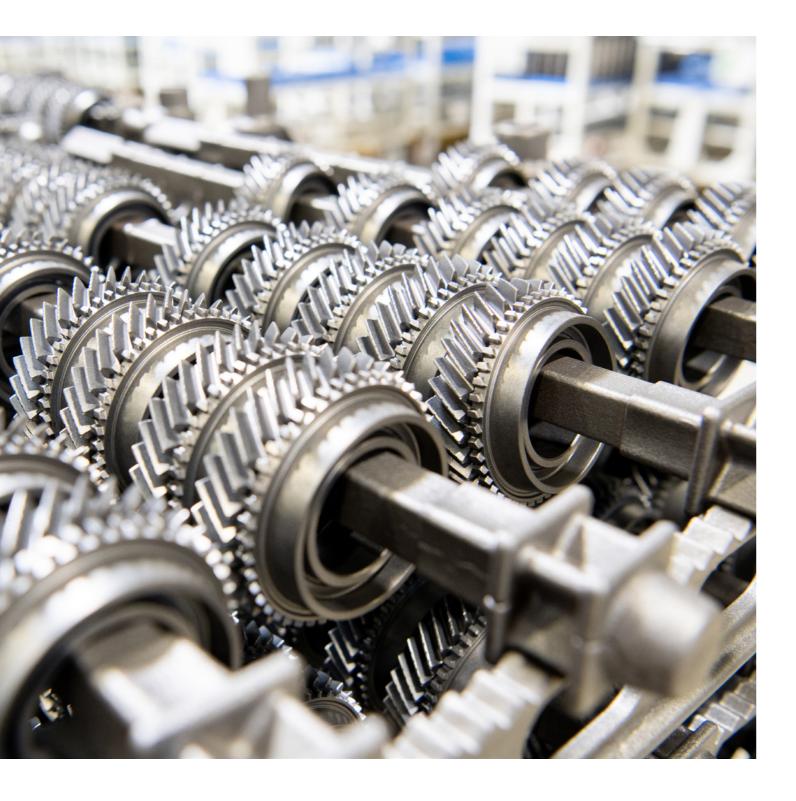


Sangchul Lee
Head of the Administration
Division



Dong Woo Kum Head of the Quality Division

As Time Goes By





2006	June	Foundation of HMMC
2007	March	Start of construction
2008	November	Mass production launched in one-shift operation
2009	September	Two-shift operations launched
2011	September	Three-shift operations launched
2013	May	The 1,000,000 th car produced
2016	June	The 2,000,000 th car produced
2016		Historic year - 358,400 cars produced
2019	May	The 3,000,000 th car produced
2019	October	The 1,000,000 th TUCSON produced
2020	March	Production of Kona Electric (first mass produced EV in the Czech Republic)
2021	December	Termination of the operation of Transmission Shop II; launch of rebuilding to batteries production plant
2022	November	The 4,000,000 th car produced
2022	December	Launch of battery production in the former Transmission Shop II
2024	February	Termination of the operation of Transmission Shop I; launch of rebuilding to batteries production plant
2024	June	Production of the 2,000,000 th TUCSON car



Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. Annual Report 2024

Production process (PR)



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Production

A total of 330,890 cars were produced at HMMC in 2024, and thus the production plan for 2024 was met.

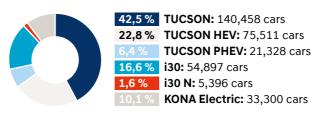
Current model lines:

- Hyundai Tucson
- Hyundai i30 (wagon, hatchback, fastback)
- Hyundai i30 N (hatchback, fastback)
- Hyundai Kona Electric

Details about individual models can be found on the official website of Hyundai's representation in the Czech Republic.

Production of the N Line version of the Hyundai Kona Electric started at the Nošovice plant in 2024. At the same time, two other models - the i30 and Tucson - underwent facelifts. In August, production of a special edition of this SUV was launched to celebrate 20 years on the European market.

Since its launch in 2008, more than 4.7 million vehicles have been produced and exported to 75 countries around the world. In addition to Europe, cars from Nošovice also travel in large numbers to the Middle East, Mexico, as well as Morocco, Colombia and Australia. Exotic destinations with dozens of vehicles delivered include Martinique, French Guyana, Barbados or Curacao.



TOTAL

100 % 330,890 cars.



Top customers:

13,3 %		United Kingdom	44,155 cars
12 %		Germany	39,686 cars
8,5 %	20	Spain	28,390 cars
6,4 %	N	France	21,309 cars
6 %	MARK	Poland	20,048 cars
4,8 %	WIII	Czech Republic	16,170 cars
4,4 %	42	Irak	14,688 cars
4,2 %	C*	Turkey	13,845 cars
3,8 %	N	Italy	12,499 cars
3,7 %	SIRIS	Saudi Arabia	12,064 cars

By power unit:



Petrol Electric

By engine:



60,7 % Internal combustion engines

Hybrid Plug-in hybrid Electric

By transmission:



Manual Automatic Dual-clutch automatic Single-speed sequential (EV)

2Tone (two-coloured) cars:

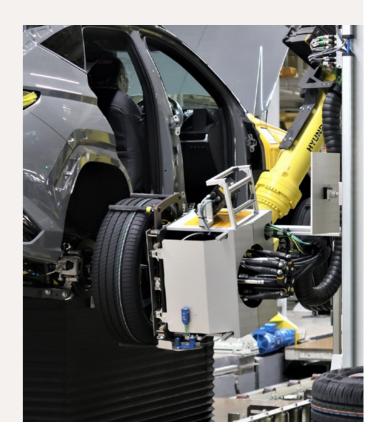
17,787 cars

The 3 most popular body shades:



17,6 % Basic White (Atlas White) Grey (Ecotronic Gray) 12,7 % Black (Abyss Black)

Not only have the models been modernised, but so has the production line. In the summer, a new robotic wheel assembly station was installed in the Final Assembly Shop, which increased the efficiency and quality of production. The robots assemble over 5,700 wheels daily.



Sale





Customers from the United Kingdom, Germany and Spain bought the most cars from the Nošovice plant. 16,184 cars were sold to the Czech Republic, a similar result to the previous year. The top 10 customers this year are mainly European countries, accounting for 60% of total exports.

The Hyundai brand ended 2024 with a total of 20,309 registered passenger cars in the Czech Republic, up by 1.2% compared to 2023. With a market share of 8.77%, it confirmed its stable position as the number two in the Czech market. As in 2023, the most popular model among private customers was the i30 from Nošovice, which recorded 2,752 registrations, while the Tucson was fourth in the private segment with 2,292 registrations.

The Tucson from Nošovice is Hyundai's best-selling car in Europe.

Top 10 countries

1.		United Kingdom	44,027 cars
2.		Germany	39,835 cars
3.	曲	Spain	28,492 cars
4.	N	France	20,546 cars
5.	0.024	Poland	19,983 cars
6.	14/11	Czech Republic	16,184 cars
7.	C*	Turkey	13,844 cars
8.	N	Italy	12,572 cars
9.	51F15	Saudi Arabia	11,565 cars
10.	44	Iraq	11,392 cars
		Other	108,220 cars
		TOTAL	326,660 cars





Employees





As of 31 December 2024, the total number of active* employees on main employment (including agency empolyees) amounted to 3,051. It still remains true that HMMC Nošovice plant provides work opportunity for Czech citizens, who represent 93.2% of all HMMC employees.

207 employees (6.8%) out of the total 3,051 are foreign nationals. In total, HMMC employs people from 10 different countries. Due to the location and the predominantly close proximity of national borders, Poles and Slovaks are the most numerous.

Nationality:

Czech	2,844 employees
Polish	122 employees
Slovak	63 employees
Korean	12 employees
Ukrainian	5 employees
Romanian	1 employee
Kazakh	1 employee
German	1 employee
Egyptian	1 employee
British	1 employee

The average monthly wage for worker positions in 2024 reached CZK **57,064**. This is an increase of 20% over the last two years.

Employee training

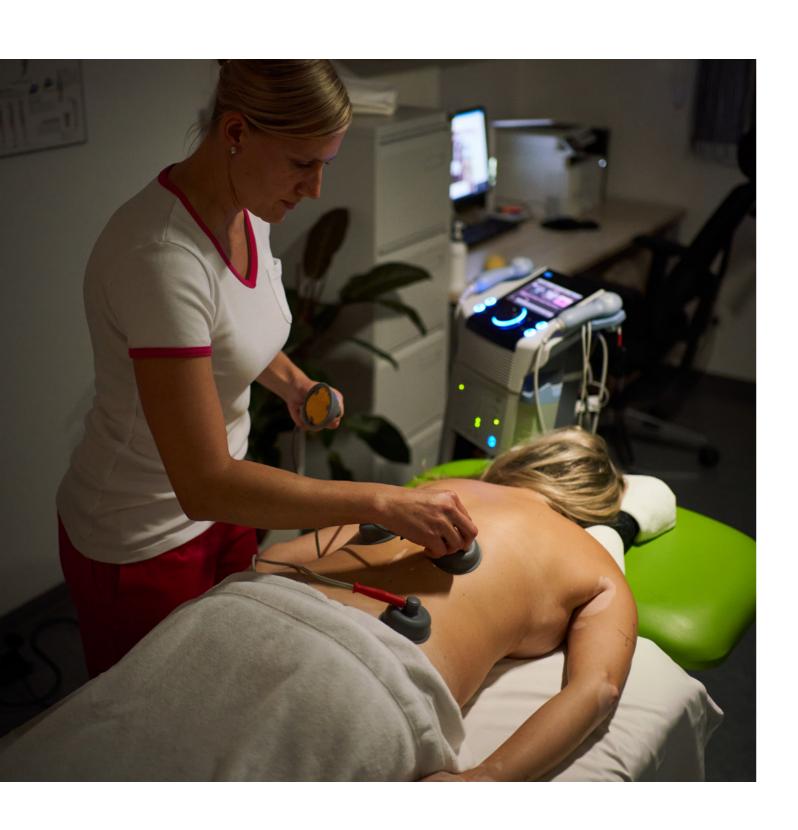
In 2024 we invested CZK 18.9 million in employee development. The Company implemented training for senior employees of production and non-production teams, professional training focused on soft and hard skills, occupational health and safety, certifications and professional development. There were also language courses and training in Korea. As part of the Company's transformation and digitalisation, we promoted digital competence and cyber security. In total, more than 3,000 employees participated in training.





^{*} active does not include employees on maternity/parental leave, interns and IHOLs

Health First



Employees have access to the **Health Centre**, which offers preventive rehabilitation (during working hours), medical rehabilitation (outside working hours), fitness (organised classes), nutritional counselling, acupressure or massage. All employees can use these services free of charge.

Health Centre in numbers

- 3,144 visits for preventive rehabilitation during working hours.
- 219 visits to the rehabilitation doctor.
- **2,046** visits for follow-up prescribed medical rehabilitation outside of work hours.
- The nutrition counsellor performed a total of 288 consultations and 270 measurements on the InBody device.
- The fitness centre recorded a total of 2,973 visits.

Health Days were held in the spring and autumn, focusing on a selected topic according to employee requirements. In April, we focused on "Health in Production" (physiotherapists and orthopaedists in the halls). In October and November, the theme was "Blood secrets" (blood tests: blood sugar and cholesterol levels, blood group, blood count, thyroid, PSA and testosterone levels). As with the Health Centre's services, these events are free of charge for employees.

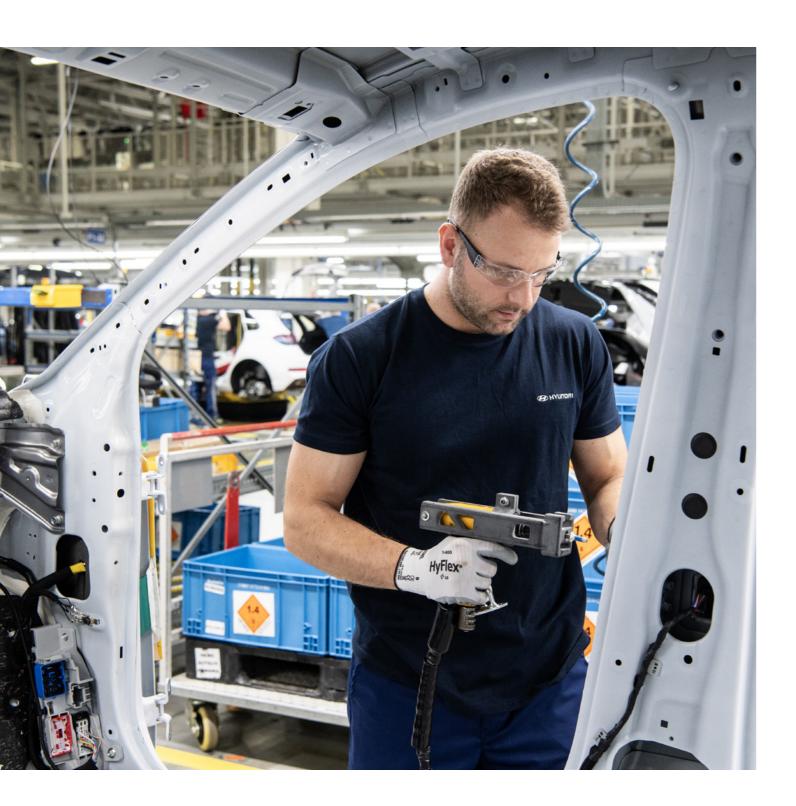
There is also the **Medical Centre** at hand – it offers round-the-clock care from Monday to Saturday morning, including occupational health examinations, professional examinations, flu and tick-borne encephalitis vaccinations, and the services of a company psychologist.

The Company held a workshop on "Set the Place, Save the Back" focusing on **ergonomics** and compensatory exercises for employees, as well as internal ergonomic audits aimed at improving working conditions in hazardous workplaces. As part of the ergonomic improvement campaign, employees contributed more than 60 suggestions, some of which have already been implemented.



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Work Safety

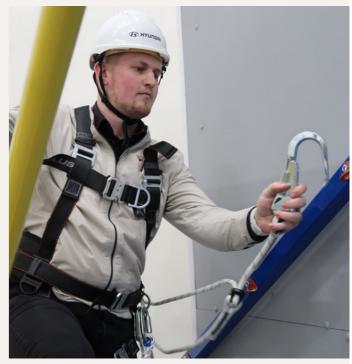


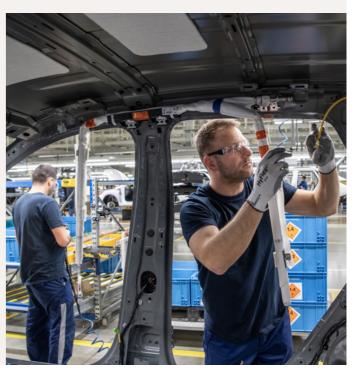


During the past period, we have implemented several important measures aimed at improving safety and working conditions. A new anchoring system for work at height was introduced in the Stamping Shop, significantly reducing the risk of falls. In the Welding Shop, we installed guardrails in the lift area and modified the catch nets to prevent tools or materials from falling through. To improve safety, light barriers were installed in hazardous work areas, and projector mirrors were added to better prevent collisions. In the Paint Shop, we improved work ergonomics with a new application nozzle, installed a non-slip surface in the wastewater treatment plant and introduced measures for safe conveyor crossing. In addition, we refurbished the toilets, created a new rest area separate from the production area and modified the air conditioning on the Metal Finish line.

HMMC will continue to apply a systemic approach and the principle of continuous improvement and strengthening the level of occupational health and safety according to the established occupational health and safety management systems (Safe Enterprise programme and ISO 45 001 standard).

In 2024, the Company continued to prepare and implement sub-installations increasing the automation of production and support processes (e.g. automation of the wheel assembly process in the Final Assembly Shop I or an automated system for placing pre-cut body sheets in the Stamping Shop). This long-term trend continues the basic idea of replacing physically demanding work with new technological and work processes.





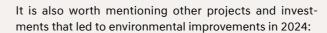
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Environment

All hygiene standards are monitored in the workplaces and green spaces are consistently protected throughout HMMC's premises in line with company values. To promote biodiversity, a study was conducted in 2024 in collaboration with ČSOP Salamandr to increase biodiversity on the HMMC premises, and measures to increase the diversity of the environment and species are gradually being implemented. A botanical survey recorded 136 plant species. Specifically, 41 mosses, 2 horsetails, 1 representative of ferns and 92 species of seed plants.

The Company focuses on continuous improvement of environmental care through an integrated policy and a certified environmental management system according to ISO 14001:2015 and EMAS according to Regulation (EC) No. 1221/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council. It sets annual targets for improving environmental processes and regularly publishes an Environmental Statement to increase transparency to the public. In 2024, both systems were successfully recertified with no case of non-compliance identified.





- By modifying the water circuit in the air-handling units at the Paint Shop, an annual savings of approximately 14,000 m³ of water was achieved.
- A total of 56 trees and shrubs were planted on the HMMC premises to support biodiversity.
- Six new robots were installed on the Sealer line in the Paint Shop, applying sealing material more efficiently to the moving parts of car bodies. This resulted in an annual savings of 52 tons of sealing material.
- An analysis of the four main types of waste was conducted by CYRKL to improve waste utilization

Waste: 2024 statistics

- 51,321 tonnes of waste generated, sorted into
 51 categories a large amount of HMMC's waste
 is made up of recyclable components that we can
 recycle without any residue (89,9%) this waste is
 generated from the process of moulding bodywork
 parts (metal waste) or from the process of unpacking
 parts/components of our cars (plastics, paper, wood).
 We can also return waste paint thinner from the Paint
- Some of the waste is used as fuel or ends up in an incinerator – for example, filters, multi-species or contaminated chemical packaging (1.4%).
- Biodegradation (composting plant, biogas plant) can be used to treat grass greenery or some bio-waste (0.6 %).
- Other wastes, such as sludges from phosphating or wastewater treatment, emulsions and waxes, are subject to other treatment methods – de-emulsification, physical-chemical treatment, stabilisation (5.6 %).
- The least suitable method is landfilling (2.6%), which mainly concerns mixed municipal waste or sealing materials.



Tyre Collection

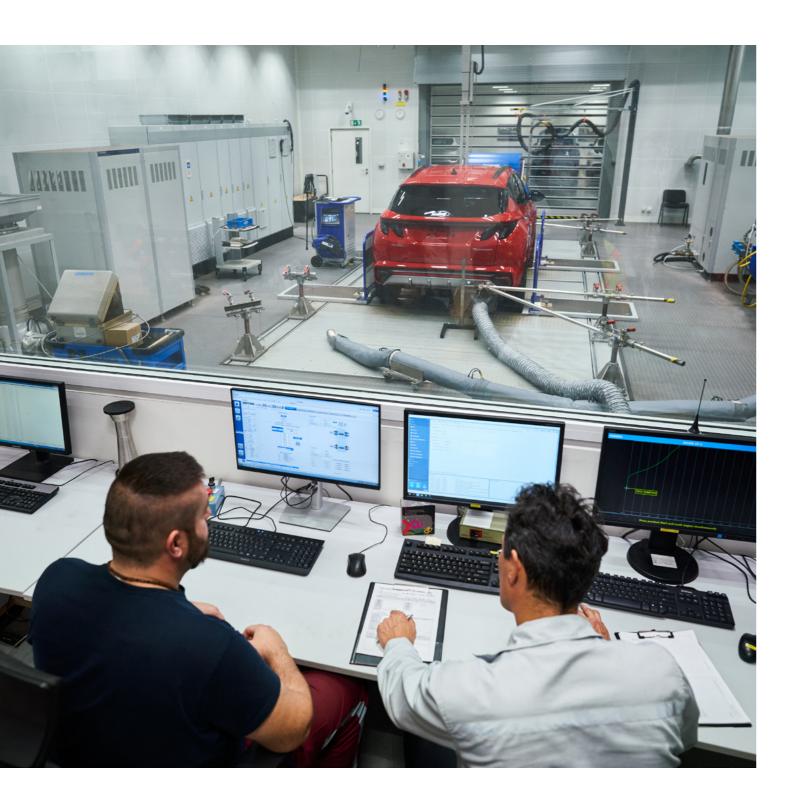
Our Company provides waste tyre collection in an individual system. HMMC is registered with the Ministry of the Environment in the list of tyre manufacturers under the registration number 00224/23 – PCZ in accordance with the current legislation on end-of-life products.

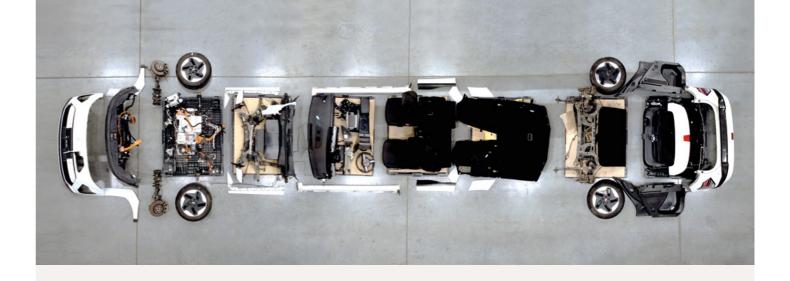
As part of the tyre collection obligations:

- We cooperate with GREEN Logistics CZ s.r.o., which also operates a total of 1061 tyre take-back points throughout the Czech Republic for HMMC as of 31 December 2024. The list of public take-back points can be downloaded here.
- In 2024, we placed 647,09 tonnes of tyres on the Czech market, of which 540.2 tonnes were taken back, representing 83,48%.
- HMMC's costs for tyre collection in 2024 amounted to CZK 2,455,426.5.
- We have set up a special escrow account with a deposit of CZK 500,200 for waste tyre management, which represents 20.4% of the total cost of tyre take-back.
- On separate tax documents, we show HMMC's costs for the collection, treatment and recovery of tyres in the form of a price per kilogram. In 2024, these costs amounted to CZK 4.56/kg.

The collection of batteries and accumulators is carried out by the Company through a collective system operated by **ECOBAT s.r.o.**

Quality





The Tucson and i30 underwent facelifts last year. The former saw the application of a new communications platform to the existing model. The latter has up to 59 control units and, in the interests of the highest customer quality, it is necessary to verify that these units communicate flawlessly with each other and with the production facilities on the line.

As part of the verification, our vehicles covered a total of 1,265,949 km in various driving modes last year to simulate as closely as possible the real-life operation of the vehicles of mainly European customers. From autumn 2023 to October this year, long-term tests of the Kona Electric were conducted. The tests showed that even after 160,000 kilometres, the battery retains a capacity of between 94 and 98 per cent. The brake discs and pads showed minimal wear, as did the shock absorbers or silent blocks.

In order to improve the quality of the parts, in 2024 we newly participated in process audits with so-called tier 2 suppliers. Particularly for parts with recurring quality problems or parts where we cannot afford the slightest problems. Until now, these audits have only been carried out by tier 1 suppliers. Our participation helps direct suppliers to raise the standards of their subcontractors and thus improve the overall quality of the parts. In 2025, we plan to extend the process audits to selected Asian suppliers.

The International ISO 9001, ISO 14 001, ISO 45 001 and EMAS Standard

Since 2009, HMMC has held ISO 9001 quality management system certification and ISO 14001 environmental management certification. In 2010, certification of the Occupational Safety Management System in accordance with the ISO 18001 standard was added (since 2018, in accordance with the ISO 45 001 standard). The compliance of these management systems with the criteria of the ISO standards is regularly confirmed through certification audits, which are held every three years, with the 1st and 2nd supervisory audits taking place in between.

In 2021, the first integrated audit of all three systems together was carried out by the auditing company TÜV

Nord. In 2024, we passed the sixth re-certification audit, which ensured the validity of our management systems for another 3 years.

HMMC continuously improves its management techniques and effectively integrates them into its management system to comply with EFQM (European Foundation for Quality Management) principles. Since 2011, our Company has been actively participating in the National Quality Award evaluation every three years, which is based on the EFQM model. Our ability to win this award repeatedly in 2011, 2014, 2017, 2020 and most recently in 2023 demonstrates the maturity of our organisation.

Vehicle Homologation and Production Conformity

All our products have to meet stringent international legal requirements on vehicles – so called type approvals (homologations). The conformity of our production process with the approved type (homologation), i.e. the Conformity of Production (COP), is regularly audited by independent testing organisations.

One of the most important production conformity tests is the measurement of emissions of the vehicles produced. In the Emissions Laboratory, we regularly measure the emissions of all our production models and their engine versions, including hybrids, plug-in hybrids and pure electric cars.

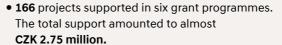
The year 2024 was devoted to the preparation of the modernisation of our emissions laboratory to enable all necessary measurements to be carried out even after the application of the upcoming EURO7 emissions standard. This upgrade will take place in 2025.

Research and development

The Company does not have its own research and development, these activities are provided for the Company's needs by the Group.

Social Responsibility





- **517** volunteer hours worked during corporate volunteering days.
- CZK 10,100,100 in help to our region after floods.
- Over 22,000 planted trees in the Beskydy mountains.

Significant 2024 Projects New grant programmes

In 2024, we added two new programmes to our existing successful grant programmes that focus on key areas of our corporate responsibility strategy. The first program, Together Safely, was created to promote traffic safety in surrounding communities. The sponsorship programme then supports sport, cultural and community events in our region.

Strong Partnerships in the Region

We are proud partners of important institutions in the Moravian-Silesian Region. Together we develop our region and increase its attractiveness. Our long-term partners include the Academy of FC Baník Ostrava, Dolní oblast Vítkovice, Horizon Hydrogen Grand Prix, Technotrasa, Moravian-Silesian League of Young Firefighters and the Ostrava ZOO.

Floods in the Moravian-Silesian Region

In the autumn of 2024, the Moravian-Silesian Region was hit by widespread and devastating floods. In cooperation with People in Need, we provided financial support of CZK 10.1 million to the affected areas. We also provided financial assistance to our employees who were affected by the floods in the amount of more than half a million. We also organised a volunteer day and helped with damage clearance in Bohumín and Nová Ves in Ostrava.



Together responsibly and sustainably

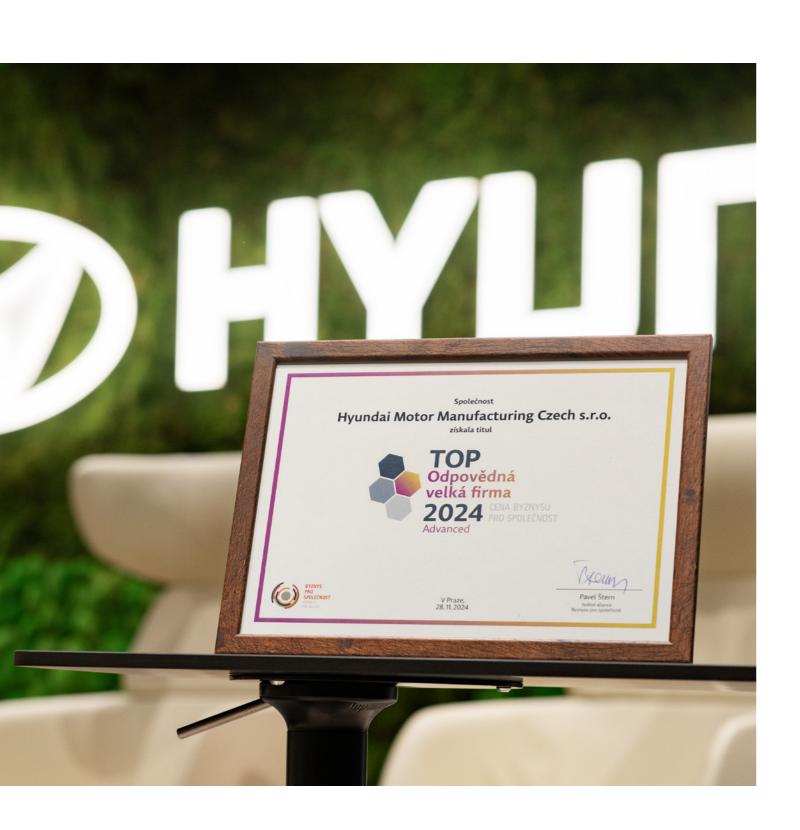
Inspiring each other and sharing good practice is important in all sectors, including CSR. That is why we organised a meeting of responsible institutions from our region. We focused on issues related to sustainability, innovation and cooperation within the region.

Responsibly towards nature

We take care of the environment not only inside our premises, but the nature around us is equally important to us. We are partners with ČSOP Salamandr, a nature conservation organisation that takes care of the restoration of the valuable Beskydy meadows. Within the premises, we carried out a study to promote biodiversity in cooperation with ČSOP Salamandr. Our employees are also involved in selected environmental activities as part of corporate volunteering.



Awards Received









The Business for the Society (Byznys pro společnost) platform included HMMC in **10 TOP responsible large companies in the Czech Republic** – we ranked 9th (2023: 23th place)

1st place in the **Sodexo Employer of the Year** in the Moravian-Silesian Region and 2nd place in the whole Czech Republic in the category of companies with up to 5,000 employees.

Winners in **the Automotive Business of the Year competition** in the category of over 250 employees.

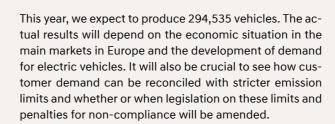
CZECH TOP 100: 5th place

Tourism Awards under the auspices of the Moravian-Silesian Region – award for contribution to the Technotrasa project by Destination North Moravia.

Goals and Forecasts

for 2025





We have a multitude of plans and new projects ahead of us in the areas of automation, employee care and energy savings, for example, while at the same time responding to the challenges posed by new European regulations. The aim is to continuously strengthen HMMC's position as an employer of excellence, while improving our competitiveness and the positive impact of the company on our surroundings.

We will continue to develop sustainable technologies. A photovoltaic power plant will be installed on the roofs of the production shop to cover approximately 4% of the plant's energy consumption. Since 2022, HMMC has been the first manufacturing plant in the Hyundai Motor Group to source electricity exclusively from 100% renewable sources, underscoring its commitment to environmentally friendly production.

In 2025, battery production capacity will be significantly expanded, supporting not only our own production but also other Group plants. In the spring, the conversion of the former Transmission Shop I into a modern battery shop will be completed. This will be used for the production and assembly of batteries for purely electric models. This expansion builds on the existing Battery System Assembly Shop, where Hyundai Mobis has been assembling batteries for the Kona Electric and other electrified Hyundai and Kia vehicles since the end of 2022.

No significant events occurred at HMMC subsequent to the balance sheet date which would have an impact on meeting the purpose of the Annual Report. Other events are described in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

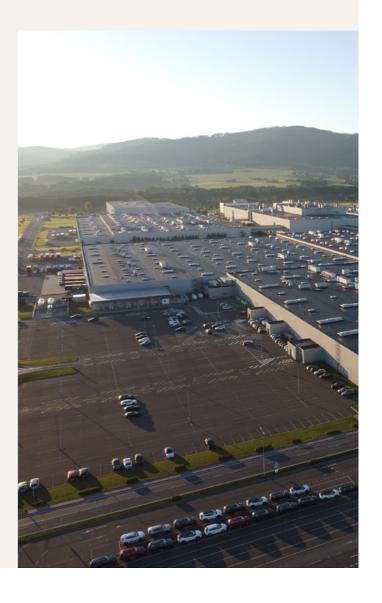


Treasury shares and treasury holdings

The Company has not acquired any treasury shares or treasury holdings.

Branch or other part of a business establishment abroad

The Company does not have any branch or other part of a business establishment abroad.



Financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2024



Name of the Company:

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o.

Registered Office:

Hyundai 700/1, 739 51 Nižní Lhoty, Průmyslová zóna Nošovice

Legal Status:

Limited Liability Company

Corporate ID:

277 73 035

Components of the Financial Statements:

Balance Sheet
Profit and Loss Account
Statement of Changes in Equity
Cash Flow Statement
Notes to the Financial Statements

These financial statements were prepared on

10 March 2025.

Statutory executive of the reporting entity

1/2/1

Changki Lee Statutory Executive

Balance sheet

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full version as of 31.12.2024 (in CZK thousand)

			31. 12. 2024		31. 12. 2023
		Gross	Adjustment	Net	Net
	TOTAL ASSETS	107 382 229	33 526 592	73 855 637	85 268 692
В.	Fixed assets	44 268 163	33 180 230	11 087 933	12 392 504
B.I.	Intangible fixed assets	629 213	480 332	148 881	138 390
B.I.2.	Valuable rights	578 797	480 315	98 482	62 660
B.I.2.1.	Software	578 797	480 315	98 482	62 660
B.I.4.	Other intangible fixed assets	39 365	17	39 348	41 883
B.I.5.	"Prepayments for intangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets under construction"	11 051		11 051	33 847
B.I.5.2.	Intangible fixed assets under construction	11 051		11 051	33 847
B.II.	Tangible fixed assets	43 638 950	32 699 898	10 939 052	12 254 114
B.II.1.	Land and structures	9 652 781	4 513 284	5 139 497	5 215 885
B.II.1.1.	Land	165 653		165 653	165 653
B.II.1.2.	Structures	9 487 128	4 513 284	4 973 844	5 050 232
B.II.2.	"Tangible movable assets and sets of tangible movable assets"	33 497 651	28 186 614	5 311 037	6 042 265
B.II.5.	"Prepayments for tangible fixed assets and tangible fixed assets under construction"	488 518		488 518	995 964
B.II.5.1.	Prepayments for tangible fixed assets	827		827	234 781
B.II.5.2.	Tangible fixed assets under construction	487 691		487 691	761 183
C.	Current assets	63 114 066	346 362	62 767 704	72 876 188
C.I.	Inventories	8 912 227	344 373	8 567 854	7 823 176
C.I.1.	Material	4 742 463	271 276	4 471 187	4 599 512
C.I.2.	Work in progress and semifinished goods	99 163	1 951	97 212	818 412
C.I.3.	Products and goods	3 616 922	71 146	3 545 776	1 569 354
C.I.3.1.	Products	3 616 922	71 146	3 545 776	1 569 354
C.I.5.	Prepayments for inventories	453 679		453 679	835 898
C.II.	Receivables	22 952 952	1 989	22 950 963	29 115 640
C.II.1.	Long-term receivables	1 839 125		1 839 125	1 705 359
C.II.1.4.	Deferred tax asset	1 839 125		1 839 125	1 705 359
C.II.2.	Short-term receivables	20 948 868	1 989	20 946 879	27 276 176
C.II.2.1.	Trade receivables	14 565 743	1 989	14 563 754	20 621 814
C.II.2.2.	Receivables - controlled or controlling entity	3 062 496		3 062 496	3 006 560
C.II.2.4.	Receivables - other	3 320 629		3 320 629	3 647 802
C.II.2.4.3.	State - tax receivables	3 189 107		3 189 107	3 390 810
C.II.2.4.4.	Short-term prepayments made	100 314		100 314	77 843
C.II.2.4.6.	Sundry receivables	31 208		31 208	179 149
C.II.3.	Other assets	164 959		164 959	134 105
C.II.3.1.	Deferred expenses	23 393		23 393	27 354
C.II.3.2.	Complex deferred expenses	111 648		111 648	70 138
C.II.J.Z.	complex deterred expenses				

C.IV.	Cash	31 248 887	31 248 887	35 937 372
C.IV.1.	Cash on hand	11	11	11
C.IV.2.	Cash at bank	31 248 876	31 248 876	35 937 361

		31. 12. 2024	31. 12. 2023
	TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	73 855 637	85 268 692
A.	Equity	47 297 227	53 138 547
A.I.	Share capital	13 901 000	13 901 000
A.I.1.	Share capital	13 901 000	13 901 000
A.IV.	Retained earnings (+/-)	22 652 107	25 362 708
A.IV.1.	Accumulated profits or losses brought forward (+/-)	22 652 107	25 362 708
A.V.	Profit or loss for the current period (+/-)	10 744 120	13 874 839
B.+C.	Liabilities	26 558 410	32 130 145
В.	Reserves	10 130 113	9 883 854
B.IV.	Other reserves	10 130 113	9 883 854
C.	Payables	16 428 297	22 246 291
C.II.	Short-term payables	16 372 510	22 130 284
C.II.2.	Payables to credit institutions	324 511	3 334 348
C.II.3.	Short-term prepayments received	196 005	768 948
C.II.4.	Trade payables	14 414 526	14 620 321
C.II.8.	Other payables	1 437 468	3 406 667
C.II.8.3.	Payables to employees	166 952	174 702
C.II.8.4.	Social security and health insurance payables	101 910	101 924
C.II.8.5.	State - tax payables and subsidies	137 361	1 171 854
C.II.8.6.	Estimated payables	1 025 518	1 951 627
C.II.8.7.	Sundry payables	5 727	6 560
C.III.	Other liabilities	55 787	116 007
C.III.1.	Accrued expenses	2 636	9 766
C.III.2.	Deferred income	53 151	106 241

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. Annual Report 2024

Profit and loss account

structured by the nature of expense method, year ended 31. 12. 2024 (in CZK thousand)

		Year ended 31. 12. 2024	Year ended 31. 12. 2023
I.	Sales of products and services	187 789 718	188 987 460
A.	Purchased consumables and services	169 402 318	164 825 896
A.2.	Consumed material and energy	148 303 854	148 299 948
A.3.	Services	21 098 464	16 525 948
В.	Change in internally produced inventory (+/-)	-1 309 747	292 892
D.	Staff costs	3 135 350	3 082 415
D.1.	Payroll costs	2 239 155	2 182 600
D.2.	Social security and health insurance costs and other charges	896 195	899 815
D.2.1.	Social security and health insurance costs	746 218	730 777
D.2.2.	Other charges	149 977	169 038
E.	Adjustments to values in operating activities	2 613 371	2 931 739
E.1.	Adjustments to values of intangible and tangible fixed assets	2 588 535	2 933 700
E.1.1.	Adjustments to values of intangible and tangible fixed assets - permanent	2 688 707	2 844 375
E.1.2.	Adjustments to values of intangible and tangible fixed assets - temporary	-100 172	89 325
E.2.	Adjustments to values of inventories	24 871	11 453
E.3.	Adjustments to values of receivables	-35	-13 414
III.	Other operating income	15 746 028	15 066 403
III.1.	Sales of fixed assets	131 888	11 949
III.2.	Sales of material	14 606 188	14 343 267
III.3.	Sundry operating income	1 007 952	711 187
F.	Other operating expenses	18 979 668	18 426 384
F.1.	Net book value of sold fixed assets	175 479	16 157
F.2.	Material sold	15 028 337	14 544 007
F.3.	Taxes and charges	35 785	22 031
F.4.	Reserves relating to operating activities and complex deferred expenses	204 748	832 153
F.5.	Sundry operating expenses	3 535 319	3 012 036
*	Operating profit or loss (+/-)	10 714 786	14 494 537
VI.	Interest income and similar income	2 097 414	2 058 356
VI.1.	Interest income and similar income - controlled or controlling entity	1 041 976	1 044 385
VI.2.	Other interest income and similar income	1 055 438	1 013 971
J.	Interest expenses and similar expenses	98 119	189 919
J.2.	Other interest expenses and similar expenses	98 119	189 919
VII.	Other financial income	4 042 464	4 021 521
K.	Other financial expenses	3 102 842	3 428 442
*	Financial profit or loss (+/-)	2 938 917	2 461 516
**	Profit or loss before tax (+/-)	13 653 703	16 956 053
L.	Income tax	2 909 583	3 081 214
L.1.	Due income tax	3 043 349	3 485 657
L.2.	Deferred income tax (+/-)	-133 766	-404 443
**	Profit or loss net of tax (+/-)	10 744 120	13 874 839
***	Profit or loss for the current period (+/-)	10 744 120	13 874 839
*	Net turnover for the current period	187 789 718	

Statement of changes in equity

year ended 31. 12. 2024 (in CZK thousand)

	Share capital	Accumulated profits or losses brought forward	Profit or loss for the current period	TOTAL EQUITY
Balance at 31 December 2022	13 901 000	26 171 636	10 959 562	51 032 198
Profit shares/dividends declared		-808 928	-10 959 562	-11 768 490
Profit or loss for the current period			13 874 839	13 874 839
Balance at 31 December 2023	13 901 000	25 362 708	13 874 839	53 138 547
Profit shares/dividends declared		-2 710 601	-13 874 839	-16 585 440
Profit or loss for the current period			10 744 120	10 744 120
Balance at 31 December 2024	13 901 000	22 652 107	10 744 120	47 297 227

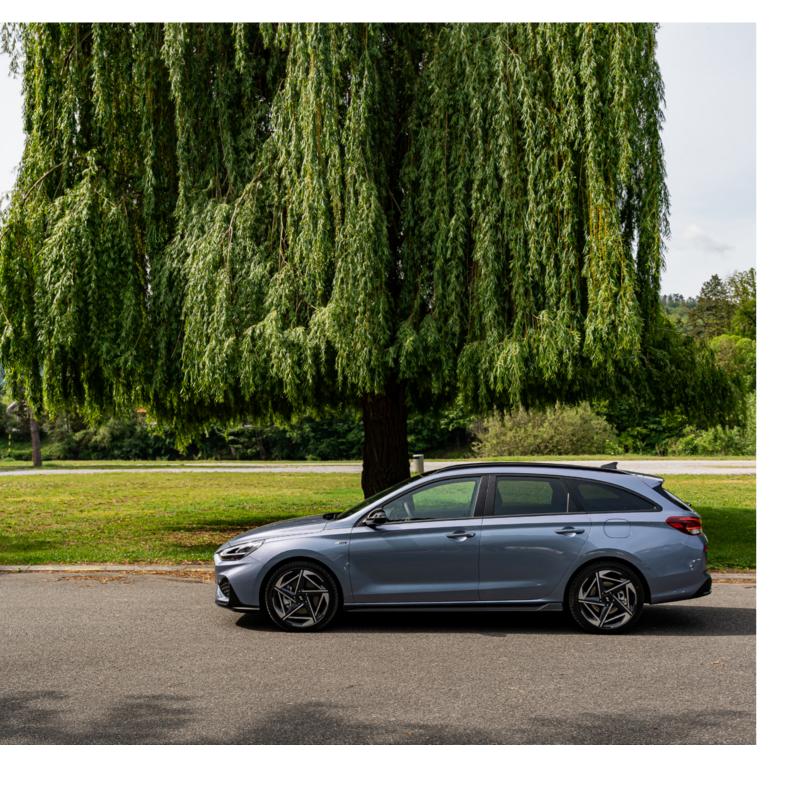
Cash flow statement

year ended 31. 12. 2024 (in CZK thousand)

		Year ended 31. 12. 2024	Year ended 31. 12. 2023
P.	Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	35 937 372	28 362 085
	Cash flows from ordinary activities (operating activities)		
Z.	Profit or loss before tax	13 653 703	16 956 053
A.1.	Adjustments for non-cash transactions	836 748	1 796 065
A.1.1.	Depreciation of fixed assets	2 688 707	2 844 375
A.1.2.	Change in provisions and reserves	129 413	919 517
A.1.3.	Profit/(loss) on the sale of fixed assets	43 591	4 208
A.1.5.	Interest expense and interest income	-1 999 295	-1 868 437
A.1.6.	Adjustments for other non-cash transactions	-25 668	-103 598
A.*	Net operating cash flow before changes in working capital	14 490 451	18 752 118
A.2.	Change in working capital	3 694 449	7 492 005
A.2.1.	Change in operating receivables and other assets	6 219 416	4 711 504
A.2.2.	Change in operating payables and other liabilities	-1 754 378	3 335 593
A.2.3.	Change in inventories	-770 589	-555 092
A.**	Net cash flow from operations before tax	18 184 900	26 244 123
A.3.	Interest paid	-105 249	-180 153
A.4.	Interest received	2 192 529	2 012 488
A.5.	Income tax paid from ordinary operations	-4 046 018	-3 339 493
A.***	Net operating cash flows	16 226 162	24 736 965
	Cash flows from investing activities		
B.1.	Fixed assets expenditures	-1 453 944	-2 946 427
B.2.	Proceeds from fixed assets sold	131 888	11 949
B.***	Net investment cash flows	-1 322 056	-2 934 478
	Cash flow from financial activities		
C.1.	Change in payables from financing	-3 007 151	-2 458 710
C.2.	Impact of changes in equity	-16 585 440	-11 768 490
C.2.6.	Profit shares/dividends paid	-16 585 440	-11 768 490
C.***	Net financial cash flows	-19 592 591	-14 227 200
F.	Net increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents	-4 688 485	7 575 287
R.	Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	31 248 887	35 937 372

Notes to the Financial Statements

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. for the year ended 31 December 2024 (in CZK thousand)





1. General Information and Principal Activities

Owners of the Company

Ownership percentage as of 31 December 2024

Ownership percentage as of 31 December 2023

100 %

Registered Office

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. Průmyslová zóna Nošovice Hyundai 700/1 739 51 Nižní Lhoty Czech Republic

Corporate ID

277 73 035

Statutory executive and proxy as of 31 December 2024

Statutory executive Changki Lee

Proxy Kyu Bok Jung, Petr Michník

The Company has not established a Supervisory Board.

The Company is part of the Hyundai Motor Company consolidation group with its registered office in Seoul, Seocho-Gu, Heolleung-ro 12, the Republic of Korea.

The consolidated financial statements can be obtained from <u>Quarterly Earnings | Financial Information - Hyundai Worldwide</u>.

The following changes were made to the Register of Companies in the year ended 31 December 2024:

- Removal of Hyun Ha Shin as a proxy deleted on 7 March
- Kyu Bok Jung became a proxy of the Company entered on 7 March 2024
- Removal of Sangchul Lee as a proxy deleted on 20 December 2024
- Petr Michník became a proxy of the Company entered on 20 December 2024.

Organisational Structure

The Company is organised into the following divisions:

- Finance Division departments of Cost Control, Treasury, Accounting and Tax
- Administrative Division department of Human Resources, Employee Relations, Legal, Public Relations, General Affairs, Facilities and Environment, Health, Safety, Security and Information Technology
- Sales Planning Department
- Production Division departments of Stamping,
 Welding, Paint, Assembly, Maintenance, Production Control.
- Quality Division Quality Control and Quality Assurance Departments
- Procurement Division departments of Parts Procurement, Procurement Management and Purchasing

2. Principal Accounting Policies Used by the Company

The Company's accounting books and records are maintained, and the financial statements were prepared in accordance with Accounting Act 563/1991 Coll., as amended; Regulation 500/2002 Coll. which provides implementation guidance on certain provisions of the Accounting Act for reporting entities that are businesses maintaining double-entry accounting records, and Czech Accounting Standards for Businesses, as amended. The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have not been prepared for any special purpose, transaction or user. Users should not rely exclusively on these financial statements in making decisions and should undertake other appropriate inquiries before making decisions.

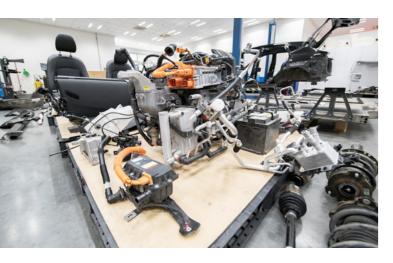
The accounting records are maintained in compliance with general accounting principles, specifically the historical cost valuation basis, the accruals principle, the prudence concept and the going concern assumption.

The company also considered the impact of the ongoing Russian aggression in Ukraine. Although the Company's management is currently not able to make a reliable estimate of the future impacts, they are not significant as of the financial statements date and do not compromise the Company's going concern assumption.

These financial statements are presented in thousands of Czech crowns ('CZK').

a) Tangible and Intangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets include assets with an estimated useful life greater than one year. Tangible and intangible fixed assets are carried at cost. The limit for the inclusion in the tangible and intangible depreciated assets changed to CZK 20 thousand with effect from 1 January 2022. This does not apply to assets that the Company started to acquire before 1 January 2022 (the limit was CZK 10 thousand for these assets). This change will allow a more accurate presentation of assets in compliance with the



Accounting Act. Tangible fixed assets at the acquisition cost of less than CZK 20 thousand and intangible fixed assets at the acquisition cost of less than CZK 20 thousand are not reported in the balance sheet and are expensed in the year of acquisition.

The valuation of internally produced fixed assets includes direct material, direct wages and other costs directly relating to the production until their capitalisation.

The following table shows the depreciation methods and periods by asset groups:

Assets	Method	Deprecia- tion period
Residential buildings	Straight line	50 years
Industrial buildings	Straight line	30 years
Machinery and equipment	Straight line	15 years
Vehicles	Straight line	6 years
Moulds	Straight line	2-6 years
Moulds for Hyundai i30	Straight line	4-6 years
Moulds for Hyundai Kona	Straight line	4-6 years
Moulds for Hyundai Tucson	Straight line	5 years
Tools	Straight line	3-6 years
IT equipment	Straight line	6 years
Furniture	Straight line	6 years
Software	Straight line	5 years
Other intangible assets	Straight line	5 years

Emission allowances

Emission allowances are recorded as intangible non-amortisable fixed assets measured at cost or replacement cost when acquired free of charge. 'Consumption of allowances' is recorded at least at the date of the financial statements, depending on the entity's emissions in the calendar year. When a first acquisition is made without consideration, it is accounted for as a subsidy that does not reduce the valuation of the intangible fixed asset. This 'subsidy' is dissolved in income at the same time and in the same amount as the allowances are consumed and expensed.

b) Inventory

Purchased inventory is stated at costs. The cost includes the purchase cost, customs duties, storage fees during transportation, transportation costs of delivery to the production area. Internally developed inventory is valued at the cost of producing the inventory, which primarily consists of the direct costs of production or any other activity, and/or attributable indirect costs relating to production or any other activity. The direct costs include the cost of material and other consumables and other costs incurred in direct connection with the production or any other activity.

Inventory is issued out of stock using the costs determined by the weighted arithmetic average method.

Provisions against products are calculated as the sum of positive differences from the comparison of valuations of individual cars at the balance sheet date and the valid selling price of these cars. Provisions against work in progress and semi-finished goods are determined using the extrapolation of the proportion of the provision against products and the aggregate value of products at the balance sheet date. The provision against production material with the movement rate exceeding one year is recognised in the amount of 100% of the value of this material. The provision against idle spare parts in the last two years is recognised as equal to 100% of the value of the inventory and 20% for the spare parts that have been idle for no less than one year.

c) Trade Receivables

Upon origination, receivables are stated at their nominal value as subsequently reduced by appropriate provisions for doubtful and bad amounts. Provisions for receivables past their due dates are assessed for the relevant receivables on an individual basis.

Short-term receivables are ceded before their due dates. Under recourse factoring of receivables, ceded receivables are recorded on special analytical accounts and are subsequently settled against the received short-term loan. The costs of the recourse factoring of receivables are deferred until the maturity date of these receivables. Under non-recourse factoring, receivables are reversed through other operating expenses and at the same time a receivable from the factor is recognised with a corresponding entry for the income from the cession of these receivables (other operating income).

The Company charges its customers interest on business loans. These receivables are recorded on an accruals basis together with the interest income and deferred income.

d) Trade Payables

Trade payables are stated at their nominal value.

e) Recognition of Reserves

The Company creates a reserve for outstanding vacation days and a reserve for warranty repairs.

The reserve for outstanding vacation days as of the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of an analysis of outstanding vacation days per year and the average payroll costs including social security and health insurance by individual employees.

The reserve for warranty repairs is recognised by setting aside a lump-sum charge per each sold car. The amount of the lump sum reserve is determined on the basis of the best available estimate of the costs for warranty repairs in accordance with the Company's historical experience. This reserve does not include the costs of repairs of sold cars that are initiated by the manufacturer due to the one-off nature of these costs and the impossibility to reliably predict them.

f) Estimated Payables

The Company recognises estimated payables for unbilled supplies upon the acquisition of tangible and intangible fixed assets, material, energy and services.

g) Loans

Loans are stated at their nominal value.

The portion of long-term loans maturing within one year from the balance sheet date is included in short-term loans.

h) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company uses the Czech National Bank's ruling foreign exchange rate for the previous business day in the translation of foreign currencies. During the year, the Company recognises realised foreign exchange rate gains or losses.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the foreign exchange rate promulgated by the Czech National Bank as of the balance sheet date. Unrealised foreign currency translation gains and losses are reported in the results of operations.

i) Finance Lease

A finance lease is the acquisition of a tangible fixed asset such that, over or after the contractual lease term, ownership title to the asset transfers from the lessor to the lessee; pending the transfer of title the lessee makes lease payments to the lessor for the asset that are charged to expenses.

i) Income Tax

Income tax for the period is composed of the tax payable and movements in deferred tax.

Current Tax

The tax payable includes the estimate of the tax calculated from the tax base using the tax rate applicable on the last day of the reporting period and all tax arrears and refunds for prior periods.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is based on all temporary differences between the carrying and tax values of assets and liabilities using the anticipated tax rate applicable for the following periods. In calculating deferred tax, the income tax rate applicable in the period in which the tax liability or asset is incurred is used. If this tax rate is not known, the rate applicable in the next reporting period is used. The top-up tax is not considered in the calculation of deferred tax. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset against each other and recognised in the balance sheet at their total net amount, except to the extent that certain partial tax assets cannot be offset against partial tax liabilities. The straight-line method is used to calculate tax depreciation of fixed assets.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only if it is likely that it will be realised in the following reporting periods.

Top-up tax

The Company is liable for the top-up tax. The calculation of the top-up tax expense is based on information available as of the date of the financial statements. As the calculation of this tax liability includes a number of items based on the accounts of other companies within the Group, it is an estimate.

k) Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognised when goods are shipped out of stock and significant risks and rewards have passed to the customer or when services are rendered and are reported net of discounts and VAT.

In the case of invoicing without physical unloading ("Bill and Hold sales"), revenues are recognised if the customer requires this form of delivery and under the condition that the customer accepts the invoicing and the transfer of ownership and risks. In order to recognise revenues in the case of invoicing without physical unloading, the following conditions must be fulfilled:

- 1) It is likely that a physical delivery will take place;
- At the moment of recognition of the revenue, the goods are physically available, they are specifically intended for a particular customer and are prepared for delivery;
- The customer confirms the terms and conditions of the invoicing transaction without physical delivery; and

4) The customary payment conditions of the Company are valid for the transaction.

I) Subsidies

Subsidies received from the state budget in support of the creation of new jobs and support of retraining and training of employees are recognised in other operating income. Received subsidies for the support of investments are recognised as acquisition of fixed assets as a decrease in the cost of assets.

m) Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management of the Company has made these estimates and assumptions on the basis of all the relevant information available to it. Nevertheless, pursuant to the nature of estimates, the actual results and outcomes in the future may differ from these estimates.

n) Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and the value in use. In assessing the value in use, estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

o) Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement was prepared using the indirect method. Cash equivalents represent current liquid assets that can be easily and readily converted into a predefined amount in cash. Cash and cash equivalents may be analysed as follows:

(CZK '000)

	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2023
Cash on hand and cash in transit	11	11
Cash at bank	31 248 876	35 937 361
Total cash and cash equivalents	31 248 887	35 937 372

Cash flows from operating, investment and financial activities presented in the cash flow statement are not offset.

p) Net Turnover for the Current Period

In the current reporting period, due to a change in accounting legislation, the method of calculating the net turnover figure for the reporting period was changed. The net turnover figure presented in the financial statements for the prior reporting period is not comparable with the figure for the current reporting period and therefore, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4(7) of Decree 500/2002 Coll., as amended, is not presented in the figures for the prior reporting period.

Method of calculating the net turnover ratio:

- For the 2023 period, it was determined as the sum of all revenue recognised on the relevant lines of the profit and loss account.
- For the 2024 period, it was determined as the sum of revenue from the sale of products. This is only the selected revenue on which the entity's business model is based, determined by considering the industry and market in which the entity operates and the nature of the customer business.

If the net turnover indicator for the 2023 period were determined according to the 2024 methodology, its value would amount to **CZK 188,987,460 thousand.**



q) Subsequent Events

The impact of events that occurred between the balance sheet date and the date of the financial statements is recognised in the financial statements if those events provided additional information about the facts that existed at the balance sheet date.

Where significant events occurred between the balance sheet date and the date of the financial statements representing events that occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, the consequences of those events are described and their effects quantified in the notes to the financial statements but are not recognised in the financial statements.

3. Fixed Assets

a) Intangible Fixed Assets

(CZK '000)

	Software	Other intangible fixed assets	Intangible FA under construction	Total
Cost				
Balance at 1 Jan 2024	518 222	41 892	33 847	593 961
Additions	65 838	43 073	41 855	150 766
Disposals	5 263	45 600	64 651	115 514
Balance at 31 Dec 2024	578 797	39 365	11 051	629 213
Accumulated amortisation				
Balance at 1 Jan 2024	455 562	9		455 571
Amortisation	29 879	8		29 887
Accumulated amortisation to disposals	5 126			5 126
Balance at 31 Dec 2024	480 315	17		480 332
Net book value at 1 Jan 2024	62 660	41 883	33 847	138 390
Net book value at 31 Dec 2024	98 482	39 348	11 051	148 881

(CZK '000)

	Software	Other intangible fixed assets	Intangible FA under construction	Total
Cost				
Balance at 1 Jan 2023	488 444	36 709	9 546	534 699
Additions	31 542	19 256	55 843	106 641
Disposals	1 764	14 073	31 542	47 379
Balance at 31 Dec 2023	518 222	41 892	33 847	593 961
Accumulated amortisation				
Balance at 1 Jan 2023	430 937	1		430 938
Amortisation	26 389	8		26 397
Accumulated amortisation to disposals	1 764			1 764
Balance at 31 Dec 2023	455 562	9		455 571
Net book value at 1 Jan 2023	57 507	36 708	9 546	103 761
Net book value at 31 Dec 2023	62 660	41 883	33 847	138 390

In respect of software, the Company continued to modernise its information systems, primarily in assurance of production quality, during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023. In 2024, we submitted emission allowances (EAs) for 2023 with a total value of CZK 45,600 thousand, purchased EAs with a total value of CZK 29,564 thousand. We were also allocated EAs worth CZK 13,509 thousand.

b) Tangible Fixed Assets

(CZK '000)

	Land	Buildings	Individual movable assets	Tangible FA under con- struction	Prepay- ments	Total
Cost						
Balance at 1 Jan 2024	165 653	9 298 323	34 593 190	761 183	234 781	45 053 130
Additions		232 637	1 697 636	2 157 141	36 011	4 123 425
Disposals		43 832	2 793 175	2 430 633	269 965	5 537 605
Balance at 31 Dec 2024	165 653	9 487 128	33 497 651	487 691	827	43 638 950
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at 1 Jan 2024		4 248 091	28 550 925			32 799 016
Depreciation		309 025	2 349 796			2 658 821
Provision		-21 522	-78 650			-100 172
Accumulated depreciation to disposals		22 310	2 635 457			2 657 767
Balance at 31 Dec 2024		4 513 284	28 186 614			32 699 898
Net book value at 1 Jan 2024	165 653	5 050 232	6 042 265	761 183	234 781	12 254 114
Net book value at 31 Dec 2024	165 653	4 973 844	5 311 037	487 691	827	10 939 052

(CZK '000)

	Land	Buildings	Individual movable assets	Tangible FA under con- struction	Prepay- ments	Total
Cost						
Balance at 1 Jan 2023	165 653	9 121 232	32 455 539	300 377	952 530	42 995 331
Additions		177 091	2 751 934	3 389 831	322 879	6 641 735
Disposals			614 283	2 929 025	1 040 628	4 583 936
Balance at 31 Dec 2023	165 653	9 298 323	34 593 190	761 183	234 781	45 053 130
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at 1 Jan 2023		3 919 940	26 569 790			30 489 730
Depreciation		306 629	2 511 349			2 817 978
Provision		21 522	67 803			89 325
Accumulated depreciation to disposals			598 017			598 017
Balance at 31 Dec 2023		4 248 091	28 550 925			32 799 016
Net book value at 1 Jan 2023	165 653	5 201 292	5 885 749	300 377	952 530	12 505 601
Net book value at 31 Dec 2023	165 653	5 050 232	6 042 265	761 183	234 781	12 254 114

In 2024, the additions to movable fixed assets primarily related to the modernisation of production equipment in the Paint Shop, Final Assembly, Welding Shop, and Stamping Shop, in the amount of CZK 311,920 thousand. Additionally, there were upgrades for the Tucson (facelift) and i30 (product enhancement 2) models, as well as the launch of production for the N-Line version of the Kona Electric model, which involved moulds and tools in the amount of CZK 7,511 thousand. Furthermore, moulds for producing parts located at suppliers of these parts amounted to CZK 1,337,448 thousand. Last but not least, the renewal of the Company's vehicle fleet amounted to CZK 114,436 thousand. In 2024, machinery in the amount of CZK 2,521,479 thousand and tools in the amount of CZK 151,163 thousand were disposed of, primarily due to the cessation of transmission production at Transmission Shop I and the sale of the transmission production line. Additionally, moulds for producing parts located at suppliers of these parts in the amount of CZK 31,217 thousand were written off, mainly due

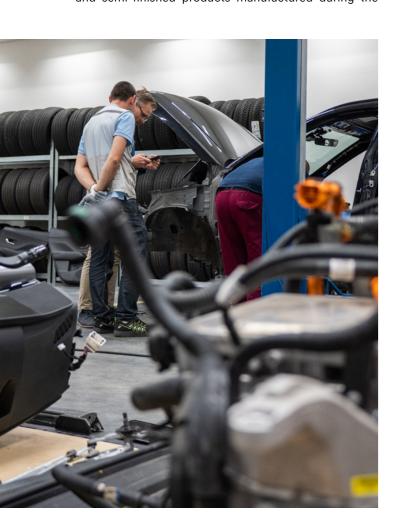
to the modernisation of the Tucson model. The Company also cancelled a total provision in the amount of CZK 100,172 thousand against machinery and buildings that were written off in connection with the termination of transmission production.

In the year ended 31 December 2023, additions to movable fixed assets primarily related to the launch of the next generation Hyundai Kona Electric. This involved machinery in the amount of CZK 292,795 thousand, sheet metal moulds in the amount of CZK 276,853 thousand as well as moulds for the production of parts placed with suppliers of these parts in the amount of CZK 1,779,701 thousand. Machinery in the amount of CZK 238,375 thousand and moulds for sheet metal parts in the amount of CZK 242,515 thousand were disposed of in 2023. These disposals were mainly related to the discontinuation of the production of the 1st generation Hyundai Kona Electric.

The Moravian-Silesian region carries the pre-emption right to acquire all land in the area of the Company's production plant of CZK 153,435 thousand. This land is located at the cadastral area of Nošovice and Nižní Lhoty.

4. Inventory

Internally developed inventory includes completed cars and semi-finished products manufactured during the



production of cars. The Company holds finished products in the amount of CZK 3,616,922 thousand as of the balance sheet date (2023: CZK 1,581,136 thousand). The provision against finished products amounts to CZK 71,146 thousand as of the balance sheet date (2023: CZK 11,782 thousand).

As of the balance sheet date, the Company holds inventory of material necessary for the production of cars of CZK 4,341,385 thousand (2023: CZK 4,473,915 thousand) and inventory of spare parts for production equipment of CZK 401,078 thousand (2023: CZK 426,528 thousand). The provision against production material amounts to CZK 9,104 thousand (2023: CZK 9,330 thousand) and against spare parts to CZK 262,172 thousand (2023: CZK 291,601 thousand) as of the balance sheet date.

5. Trade Receivables and Payables

Overdue short-term trade receivables amount to CZK 1,454,240 thousand (2023: CZK 429,633 thousand). As of 20 January 2025, CZK 1,286,019 thousand was paid.

As of 31 December 2024, the Company does not record any long-term trade receivables with a maturity of more than 5 years.

Overdue short-term trade payables amount to CZK 9.029 thousand (2023: CZK 8.787 thousand).

As of 31 December 2024, the Company does not record any long-term trade payables with a maturity of more than 5 years

6. State - Tax Receivables

The receivable from the state includes a receivable arising from the VAT refund based on the filed tax return of CZK 1,579,061 thousand (2023: CZK 1,485,047 thousand), the sum of VAT not yet sought to be refunded of CZK 1,609,898 thousand (2023: CZK 1,905,760 thousand), an overpayment on real estate tax in the amount of CZK 141 thousand, and a prepayment for excise tax in the amount of CZK 7 thousand (2023: CZK 3 thousand).

7. Sundry Receivables

Sundry receivables predominantly include receivables arising from VAT paid in other EU member states. The filed applications for the refund of VAT amount to CZK 7,150 thousand (2023: CZK 76,935 thousand) and the sum of VAT not yet sought to be refunded amounts to CZK 24,374 thousand (2023: CZK 101,306 thousand).

8. Share Capital

As of 31 December 2024, the share capital consisted of the investment of the sole owner. The share capital was fully paid as of 31 December 2024.

9. Statement of Changes in Equity

(CZK '000)

2024	Share capital	Other profit or loss from prior years	Accumulat- ed profit	Profit for the period	Total
Balance at 1 Jan 2024	13 901 000		25 362 708	13 874 839	53 138 547
Allocation to funds, allocation of profit/loss					
Transfer of other profit or loss					
Payment of profit shares			-2 710 601	-13 874 839	-16 585 440
Profit for 2024				10 744 120	10 744 120
Balance at 31 Dec 2024	13 901 000		22 652 107	10 744 120	47 297 227

(CZK '000)

2023	Share capital	Other profit or loss from prior years	Accumulat- ed profit	Profit for the period	Total
Balance at 1 Jan 2023	13 901 000		26 171 636	10 959 562	51 032 198
Allocation to funds, allocation of profit/loss					
Transfer of other profit or loss					
Payment of profit shares			-808 928	-10 959 562	-11 768 490
Profit for 2023				13 874 839	13 874 839
Balance at 31 Dec 2023	13 901 000		25 362 708	13 874 839	53 138 547

10. Reserves

(CZK '000)

Reserves	Balance at 31 Dec 2024	Balance at 31 Dec 2023
For outstanding vacation days	29 003	28 491
For warranty repairs and campaigns	10 101 110	9 855 363
Total	10 130 113	9 883 854

11. Estimated Payables

Estimated payables recognised in the balance sheet include unbilled supplies of material of CZK 599,081 thousand (2023: CZK 1,413,194 thousand), unbilled supplies of consumed energy and other costs of CZK 422,815 thousand (2023: CZK 525,793 thousand), unbilled supplies for the acquisition of tangible fixed assets in the amount of CZK 2,790 thousand (2023: CZK 12,640 thousand), and unbilled credit card expenditures in the amount of CZK 832 thousand (2023: CZK 0 thousand).



12. Bank Loans

Short-Term Loans

(CZK '000)

	Currency	Balance at 31 Dec 2024	Balance at 31 Dec 2023	Form of collateral in 2024
Loan A	EUR		2 472 500	
Loan B	MXN,USD	324 511	861 848	
Total		324 511	3 334 348	

Repayment Schedule

(CZK '000)

	2025	2026	Following periods
Loan A			
Loan B	324 511		
Total	324 511		

The Company does not record any long-term borrowings as of 31 December 2024 or 31 December 2023.

13. Sales of Own Products and Services

(CZK '000)

Market	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Czech Republic	7 052 049	7 247 622
EU	102 650 532	114 811 509
Other than EU countries - Europe	37 049 510	35 293 294
Other than EU countries - other	41 037 627	31 635 035
Total sales of own products and services	187 789 718	188 987 460

In 2024, 99.8% of the sales of products related to sold cars (2023: 99.1%). The remaining 0.2% (2023: 0.9%) related to the sale of transmissions and other semi-finished goods, which the Company supplies to other production companies within the Group in Europe.



14. Consumed Material and Energy

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Consumed material	147 368 750	147 327 857
Consumed energy	935 104	972 091
Total consumed material and energy	148 303 854	148 299 948

15. Services

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Travel expenses	20 343	28 247
Building security, cleaning and operation	354 692	335 163
Production support services	1 248 312	1 344 539
Service and licence fees	16 333 116	11 984 142
Hiring and support of staff	455 458	510 344
IT services and software	136 814	106 841
Transportation services	2 262 402	1 956 132
Advisory and audit services	18 059	14 132
Repairs and maintenance of buildings and equipment	171 458	151 075
Rental	24 680	32 397
Training	9 633	8 270
Other services	63 497	54 666
Total	21 098 464	16 525 948

16. Sales of Material, Sold Material

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Sales of material to sub-suppliers	14 255 024	13 992 521
Sales of secondary raw material	351 164	350 746
Total sales of material	14 606 188	14 343 267

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Material sold to sub-suppliers	14 677 173	14 193 261
Sold secondary raw material	351 164	350 746
Total sold material	15 028 337	14 544 007

17. Sundry Operating Income

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Rebilling of complaint costs to suppliers	807 847	477 239
Employment support contribution		
Inventory count differences	1 395	831
Other operating income	198 710	233 117
Total	1 007 952	711 187

18. Sundry Operating Expenses

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Insurance	51 916	51 795
Costs of warranty repairs and campaigns	3 282 038	2 740 643
Inventory count differences	2 435	1 830
Other operating expenses	198 930	217 768
Total	3 535 319	3 012 036

19. Interest Income

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Interest on provided loans	106 151	68 407
Interest on provided business loans	935 825	975 978
Interest on deposits at bank accounts	1 055 438	1 013 971
Total	2 097 414	2 058 356

20. Interest Expense

(CZK '000)

		(02:: 000)
	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Interest on received bank loans and overdrafts	98 119	189 919
Fees on bank account balances		
Total	98 119	189 919

21. Other Financial Income

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Foreign exchange rate gains	4 042 464	4 021 521
Gains from revaluation of derivatives		
Total	4 042 464	4 021 521

22. Other Financial Expenses

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Foreign exchange rate losses	3 096 009	3 400 957
Losses from revaluation of derivatives		17 652
Other financial expenses	6 833	9 833
Total	3 102 842	3 428 442

23. Income Tax

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Tax payable	3 043 349	3 485 657
Deferred tax	-133 766	-404 443
Total	2 909 583	3 081 214

Profit before tax and calculation of tax payable:

(CZK '000)

		(02.1 000)
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2023
Profit before tax	13 653 703	16 956 053
Anticipated tax costs (21%/19%)	2 867 277	3 221 650
Non-tax expenses and income	238 203	290 374
Tax for prior periods	-62 131	-26 367
Tax payable	3 043 349	3 485 657

The total deferred tax asset/liability can be analysed as follows:

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation of fixed assets	-360 517	-437 346
Provision against inventory	72 318	67 096
Reserves	2 127 324	2 075 609
Total (+ asset/ - liability)	1 839 125	1 705 359



24. Related Parties

a) Trade Receivables and Payables

Trade receivables and payables include the following balances with related parties:

(CZK '000)

(CZK '00				
	Receivab		Payable:	
	31 Dece		31 Dece	
Lhundai Matar Campany	2024	2023	2024	2023
Hyundai Motor Company	18 313	41 605	4 143 401	3 638 874
Hyundai Motor Europe GmbH	6 022 879	13 590 062		
Hyundai Engineering Czech s.r.o.	15		11	33 120
Hyundai AutoEver Corporation			13 126	18 613
Hyundai AutoEver Europe GmbH			91 909	10 852
G.I.T Co., Ltd			113	4 735
Hyundai Glovis Co. Ltd.	11 205	13 097	2 364 667	136 238
Hyundai Glovis Czech Republic s.r.o.	669	1 329	7 130	24 171
Glovis Europe GmbH	108	56	127 621	258 023
Glovis Slovakia, s.r.o.				1 304
Hyundai Steel Czech s.r.o.	844	766	296 052	441 978
Hyundai Motor Company Italy s.r.l.			3 811	2 814
Hyundai Motor CIS LLC			1 796	
Hyundai Motor Czech s.r.o.	1 474 673	1 725 868	2 033	1
Hyundai Motor Deutschland GmbH			23 902	-40
Hyundai Motor UK Ltd.			11 996	4 768
Hyundai Motor Espaňa S.L.U.			9 218	2 913
Hyundai Motor France			38 895	
Hyundai Motor Mfg. Rus LLC				7
Hyundai Assan Otomotive SVT A.S.	1 166 602		7 023	
Hyundai Motor Company Australia Pty Ltd.	330 095	212 471	158	70
Hyundai Motor de Mexico, S de RL de CV	771 626	861 848	258	91
Hyundai Motor Netherlands B.V.			7 226	
Hyundai Motor Europe Technical Center GmbH		20		
Hyundai Motor Poland Sp. z o.o.			2 320	
Shandong Hyundai WIA Automotive Engine Co.			35 094	27 507
Hyundai Motor Sweden AB			886	
HM Czech, s.r.o.	9			
Hyundai Mobis Co. Ltd.	2 706	1 981		
Mobis Slovakia s.r.o.	5 138	9 947		41 655
Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o.	544 017	1 006 784	4 110 856	4 647 517
Jiangsu Mobis Automotive Parts Co., Ltd.	16	1	16 569	12 522
Hyundai Transys Czech, s.r.o.	30 924	43 205	511 588	742 214
Beijing Hyundai Transys Transmission Co., Ltd.	30	33 611	149 374	43 350
Hyundai Transys (Shandong) Co., Ltd.				31 774
Kia Slovakia s. r. o.	21 152	94 948	1 021 251	876 903
Total	10 401 021	17 637 599	12 998 284	11 001 974



As of the balance sheet date, the Company reported prepayments made for the assets of Hyundai Engineering Czech s.r.o. in the amount of CZK 827 thousand (2023: CZK 3,080 thousand) and prepayments made for the material of Hyundai Glovis Co. Ltd. in the amount of CZK 453,679 thousand (2023: CZK 835,898 thousand).

In 2023, prepayments were provided for the assets of Hyundai AutoEver Europe GmbH in the amount of CZK 19,913 thousand.

As of the balance sheet date, estimated payables to Mobis Slovakia s.r.o. amount to CZK 51,500 thousand (2023: CZK 42,949 thousand).

In 2023, estimated payables to Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o. amounted to CZK 8,850 thousand.

b) Sales and Purchases

The Company's sales and purchases with the Group companies were as follows:

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Sales of products	159 902 329	163 548 968
Sales of fixed assets	332	2 998
Sales of material	8 895 304	7 979 392
Other operating income	867 139	613 211
Interest income and other financial income	1 041 976	1 044 385
Total sales	170 707 080	173 188 954

(CZK '000)

	Year ended 31 Dec 2024	Year ended 31 Dec 2023
Purchase of fixed assets	179 260	1 084 537
Purchase of material	108 849 971	108 435 694
Purchase of services	20 165 334	16 016 005
Other operating expenses	2 383 436	2 053 086
Total purchases	131 578 001	127 589 322

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. Annual Report 2024

c) Provided loans

Short-term receivables – controlled or controlling entity within short-term receivables comprise the following balances relating to the Group companies:

(CZK '000)

	Currency	Balance at 31 Dec 2024	Balance at 31 Dec 2023	Interest rate as at 31 Dec 2024	Form of collateral 2024
Hyundai Truck and Bus Rus LLC	EUR	342 516	336 260	3,47%	
Hyundai Truck & Bus (China) Co., Ltd.	EUR	2 719 980	2 670 300	3,47%	
Total		3 062 496	3 006 560		

Repayment schedule

(CZK '000)

	2025	2026	Following periods
Hyundai Truck and Bus Rus LLC	342 516		
Hyundai Truck & Bus (China) Co., Ltd.	2 719 980		
Total	3 062 496		

d) Other transactions

In the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company paid profit share to its owner, Hyundai Motor Company, in the amount of CZK 16,585,440 thousand (2023: CZK 11,768,490 thousand).

25. Employees and Managers

a) The average recalculated number of employees and managers and staff costs for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

(CZK '000)

2024	Number of employees	Payroll costs	Social securi- ty and health insurance	Social costs
Employees	2 796	2 153 169	723 308	
Managers	27	85 986	22 910	
Total	2 823	2 239 155	746 218	149 977
Managers (IHOL)	5	29 515	3 228	

(CZK '000)

2023	Number of employees	Payroll costs	Social securi- ty and health insurance	Social costs
Employees	2 852	2 102 072	709 691	
Managers	26	80 528	21 086	
Total	2 878	2 182 600	730 777	169 038
Managers (IHOL)	6	26 243	2 811	

The Company employed 34 Korean workers from the parent company (2023: 40) on average based on the International Hiring of Labour (IHOL) contract. The aggregate payroll costs amounted to CZK 160,827 thousand (2023: CZK 154,324 thousand) and are reported in profit and loss account line A.3 'Services' (refer to Note 15).

The social costs incurred by the Company in 2024 and 2023 principally include payments made under the International Hiring-Out of Labour Force Agreement, the costs of providing meals to all employees and the employer's contribution towards settling the costs of transportation to work. The Company is unable to analyse these costs into the part attributable to management and other employees.

b) Bonuses and Loans to the Members of Statutory and Supervisory Bodies

Members of senior management use Company cars for both business and private purposes.

26. State - Tax Payables and Subsidies

Tax payables are represented by a payable arising from the due income tax in the amount of CZK 98,548 thousand (2023: CZK 1,101,217 thousand), the employees' income tax payments withheld by the Company of CZK 29,073 thousand (2023: CZK 28,936 thousand), and subsidies of CZK 9,741 thousand (2023: CZK 41,701 thousand).

In 2019 to 2023, the Company received a cash grant for capital investment of CZK 21,995 thousand from the Operational Programme Enterprise and Innovation for Competitiveness based on the decision of the Ministry of Industry and Trade.

In 2023, the Company received a subsidy to mitigate the effects of the increase in natural gas and electricity prices from the Programme of support for increased costs of natural gas and electricity due to an exceptionally sharp increase in their prices in the amount of CZK 7,951 thousand.

In 2024, the Company received no subsidy.

27. Other Matters

On 18 May 2006, Hyundai Motor Company, the Republic of Korea, the Czech Republic acting through and represented by the Czech Ministry of Industry and Trade, the Czech Ministry of Finance, the Czech Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs, the Czech Ministry of Transportation and the Czech Ministry of the Interior, the Moravian Silesian Region and Czechlnvest entered into the Investment Agreement based on which the Company has received an investment incentive as follows:

- Transfer of land for a discounted price;
- Cash grant for capital investment;
- Subsidy for the creation of jobs;
- Subsidy for the training and retraining of employees; and
- Tax relief.

The Company formed the HYUNDAI Foundation with its registered office at Ostrava on 7 February 2007. The aim of the Foundation is to support civil society and community programmes on the territory impacted by the operations of the car production plant in Nošovice, predominantly projects contributing to the protection and improvement of the environment, projects leading to increased awareness about the environment and its protection, and projects promoting the environment with the objective of attracting the general public's attention. The equity investment in the Foundation includes the investment of the Company of CZK 5,000 thousand.

28. Contingent Liabilities

Legal Disputes

As of 31 December 2024, the Company was involved in no legal dispute, the outcome of which would significantly affect the Company.

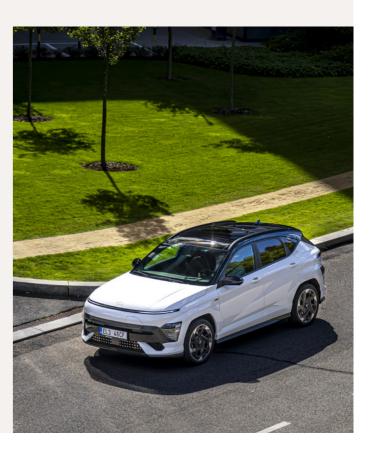
Environmental Liabilities

Management of the Company is not aware of the existence of contingent liabilities arising from environmental damage.

The Company carries no other contingent liabilities.

29. Post Balance Sheet Date Events

No other material events occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date.



Report on Relations

of Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o., for the Year Ended 31 December 2024 prepared in line with Section 82 et seq. of Act No. 90/2012 Coll., on Business Corporations, as amended



Controlled Entity:

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o.

With its registered office at Průmyslová zóna Nošovice, Hyundai 700/1, Nižní Lhoty, 739 51

Corporate ID: 277 73 035

Held by the Regional Court in Ostrava under file

no. C 41484

Controlling Entity:

Hyundai Motor Company

With its registered office at Seoul, Seocho-Gu, Heolleung-ro 12

Republic of Korea

Corporate ID: 1018109147

Other entities controlled by the controlling entity (hereinafter also referred to as "related parties"), which the controlled entity recorded economic activity with:

Hyundai Motor Europe GmbH

Hyundai Motor Czech s.r.o.

Hyundai Motor UK Ltd.

Hyundai Motor Company Italy s.r.l.

Hyundai Motor Netherlands B.V.

Hyundai Motor Poland Sp. z. o. o.

Hyundai Motor CIS LLC

Hyundai Motor Espaňa, S. L. U.

Hyundai Motor Deutschland GmbH

Hyundai Motor France

Hyundai Motor Sweden AB

Hyundai Motor Europe Technical Center GmbH

Hyundai Motorsport GmbH

Hyundai Truck and Bus Rus LLC

Hyundai Assan Otomotive Sannayi Ve Ticaret A.S.

Hyundai Motor Company Australia Pty Ltd.

Hyundai Motor de Mexico, S de RL de CV

Hyundai Truck and Bus (China) Co., Ltd

Kia Europe GmbH

Kia Slovakia s. r. o.

Hyundai Rotem Company

Hyundai AutoEver Europe GmbH, organizační složka

Hyundai AutoEver

Corporation



G.I.T Co., Ltd

HM Czech, s.r.o.

Max People s.r.o.

Hyundai Engineering Czech s.r.o.

Hyundai Steel Czech s.r.o.

Hyundai Glovis Co., Ltd.

Hyundai Glovis Czech Republic s.r.o.

Glovis Europe GmbH

Glovis Slovakia, s.r.o.

Adampol Czech s.r.o.

Adampol S.A.

Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o.

Mobis Automotive System Czech s.r.o.

Mobis Slovakia s.r.o.

Mobis Parts Europe N.V.

Jiangsu Mobis Automotive Parts Co., Ltd.

Hyundai Transys Czech, s.r.o.

Beijing Hyundai Transys Transmission Co., Ltd.

Hyundai Transys (Shandong) Co., Ltd.

Shandong Hyundai WIA Automotive Engine

Company

Haevichi Hotel & Resort Co., Ltd

I.

Structure of relations between the controlled entity, controlling entity and other controlled entities, the role of the controlled entity in this structure and the manner and means of control of the controlled entity:

Hyundai Motor Group connects the production of cars and car components, steel industry, construction industry, logistic, financial, IT and other services into one chain with the aim of providing top-quality products and services. The corporation is controlled by Hyundai Motor Company and as of 31 December 2024, it comprised 517 companies which are divided into the groups as follows (listed are the major ones):

Cars

- Hyundai Motor Company
- Kia Corporation
- Genesis Motor Company

Car components

- Hyundai Mobis
- Hyundai WIA
- Hyundai Mseat
- Hyundai Transys
- Hyundai Kefico
- Hyundai IHL
- Hyundai Partecs



Finance

- Hyundai Capital
- Hyundai Card
- Hyundai Commercial
- Hyundai Motor Securities
- Hyundai Motor Group Smile Microcredit Bank

Steel industry

- Hyundai Steel
- Hyundai BNG Steel
- Hyundai Special Steel

Construction industry

- Hyundai Engineering & Construction
- Hyundai Engineering
- Hyundai Engineering & Steel Industries
- Hyundai City Corporation

Other

- Hyundai Glovis
- Hyundai AutoEver
- Hyundai Rotem
- Hyundai NGV
- Innocean Worldwide
- Haevichi Hotel & Resort
- Hyundai Farm Land & Development Company
- GIT
- G-Marine Service
- Hyundai Motor Chung Mong-Koo foundation

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. is part of the Hyundai Motor Group and its principal objective relates to facilitating the expansion of the corporation in Europe. Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. is directly controlled by Hyundai Motor Company. The control was performed by the General Meeting and by way of hiring managers from Hyundai Motor Company. The control results from the dominating position of the controlling entity given that it is the sole shareholder of Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o.



II.

List of acts performed in the latest reporting period, ie in the year ended 31 December 2024, made at the instigation or in the interest of the controlling entity or entities controlled by the controlling entity, which solely related to assets exceeding 10% of equity of the controlled entity in line with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023:

1. Realised Income

(in CZK '000)

	Sales gener- ated by own products	Sales of material	Other operating income	Interest income
Hyundai Motor Company	39 376	356	495 604	
Hyundai Motor Europe GmbH	135 218 949	11		715 358
Hyundai Motor Czech s.r.o.	9 417 170		6 303	103 389
Hyundai Assan Otomotive Sannayi Ve Ticaret A.S.	7 390 790		1 926	
Hyundai Glovis CO. Ltd.			89 860	
Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o.	102	7 994 970	172 238	
Hyundai Transys Czech, s.r.o.		529 291	9 951	
Kia Slovakia s. r. o.	258 826	1 206	48 504	

The controlled entity reported sales of fixed assets to Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o. in the amount of CZK 332 thousand.

2. Realised Purchases

(in CZK '000)

	Purchase of fixed assets	Purchase of material	Purchase of services	Other operating costs
Hyundai Motor Company	4 841	194 008	16 340 672	
Hyundai Motor Europe GmbH			3 989	
Hyundai Motor Czech s.r.o.	47 685	1 012	73	131 176
Hyundai Assan Otomotive Sannayi Ve Ticaret A.S.		457		102 779
Hyundai Glovis CO. Ltd.	193	20 069 883	920 192	
Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o.		55 066 911	4 646	5 458
Hyundai Transys Czech, s.r.o.	13 455	8 855 935		
Kia Slovakia s. r. o.		13 915 857	3	3 515

III.

List of agreements valid between the controlling entity and the controlled entity in the latest reporting period, ie in the year ended on 31 December 2024:

The following agreements were valid between the controlling and controlled entities in the year ended 31 December 2024:

- International Hiring-out of Labour Force Agreement, of 18 December 2006;
- Agreement on Cooperation between HMMC and HMC, of 1 January 2015;
- Agreement/order No P240625413, NX4e welding mould, 17 June 2024
- Agreement/order No P240725108, NX4e SX2e measuring and testing equipment, 12 July 2024
- Agreement/order No P240749520, Motion Systems - Shafts, 25 July 2024
- Agreement/order No P240749521, Handling Equipment, 1. August 2024.





IV.

List of agreements valid between the controlled entity and other controlled entities in the latest reporting period, ie in the year ended on 31 December 2024:

- 1. Agreements for the sale of manufactured cars were concluded with the following related parties:
- Hyundai Motor Europe GmbH
- Hyundai Motor Czech s.r.o.
- Hyundai Motor Company Australia Pty Ltd.
- Hyundai Assan Otomotive Sannayi Ve Ticaret A.S.
- Hyundai Motor de Mexico, S de RL de CV
- Agreements on the purchase of goods and services were concluded with the following related parties (this predominantly related to the purchase of moulds, material, computers and programmes):
- Hyundai Glovis Czech Republic s.r.o.
- Hyundai Glovis Co., Ltd.
- Hyundai Rotem Company
- Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o.
- Mobis Slovakia s.r.o.
- Jiangsu Mobis Automotive Parts Co., Ltd.
- Hyundai Transys Czech, s.r.o.
- Beijing Hyundai Transys Transmission Co., Ltd.
- Hyundai Transys (Shandong) Co., Ltd.
- Hyundai Steel Czech s.r.o.
- Hyundai AutoEver Corporation
- Hyundai AutoEver Europe GmbH, organizační složka
- Hyundai AutoEver Europe GmbH

3. Other agreements:

- Hyundai Truck and Bus Rus LLC, Loan Agreement
- Hyundai Truck and Bus (China) Co., Ltd, Loan Agreement
- Hyundai Glovis Czech Republic s.r.o., Contract on Right to Build
- Hyundai Mobis Automotive Czech s.r.o., Rent Agreement



٧.

Assessment of advantages and disadvantages arising from the relations between the controlled and controlling entities and from the relations between the controlled entity and other controlled entities:

Hyundai Motor Group has expanded its activities at the global level. As a result, Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. enjoys a number of advantages arising from related party transactions, which predominantly involve utilising the results of constant improvements of products and production processes in development centres as well as savings resulting from the strong centralised procurement position of the corporation. Other advantages include access to the global sales network. The Company is not aware of any disadvantages or risks arising from the participation in Hyundai Motor Group.

VI.

I, the undersigned, Changki Lee, statutory executive of Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o., which is the controlled entity, hereby declare that the data included in this report are accurate and complete.

In Nižní Lhoty on 10 March 2025

X De Alexander

Changki Lee Statutory executive Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o.

Independent **Auditor's Report**



Deloitte.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Partner of

Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o.

Having its registered office at: Hyundai 700/1, 739 51 Nižní Lhoty, Průmyslová zóna Nošovice

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. (hereinafter also the "Company") prepared on the basis of accounting regulations applicable in the Czech Republic, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2024, and the profit and loss account, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Hyundai Motor Manufacturing Czech s.r.o. as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting regulations applicable in the Czech Republic.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Act on Auditors and Auditing Standards of the Chamber of Auditors of the Czech Republic, which are International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), as amended by the related application guidelines. Our responsibilities under this law and regulation are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Act on Auditors and the Code of Ethics adopted by the Chamber of Auditors of the Czech Republic and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information in the Annual Report

In compliance with Section 2(b) of the Act on Auditors, the other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon. The Statutory Executive is responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. In addition, we assess whether the other information has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with applicable law or regulation, in particular, whether the other information complies with law or regulation in terms of formal requirements and procedure for preparing the other information in the context of materiality, i.e. whether any non-compliance with these requirements could influence judgments made on the basis of the other information.

Based on the procedures performed, to the extent we are able to assess it, we report that:

- The other information describing the facts that are also presented in the financial statements is, in all material respects, consistent with the financial statements; and
- The other information is prepared in compliance with applicable law or regulation.

In addition, our responsibility is to report, based on the knowledge and understanding of the Company obtained in the audit, on whether the other information contains any material misstatement of fact. Based on the procedures we have performed on the other information obtained, we have not identified any material misstatement of fact.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited ("DTTL"), its global network of member firms, and their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte organization"). DTTL (also referred to as "Deloitte Global") and each of its member firms and related entities are legally separate and independent entities, which cannot obligate or bind each other in respect of third parties. DTTL and each DTTL member firm and related entity is liable only for its own acts and omissions, and not those of each other. DTTL does not provide services to clients. Please see www.deloitte.com/about to learn more.

Responsibilities of the Company's Statutory Executive for the Financial Statements

The Statutory Executive is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting regulations applicable in the Czech Republic and for such internal control as the Statutory Executive determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Statutory Executive is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Statutory Executive either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the above law or regulation, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Statutory Executive.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Statutory Executive's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Statutory Executive regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

In Prague on 10 March 2025

Audit firm:

Statutory auditor:

Deloitte Audit s.r.o. registration no. 079

Michal Černý registration no. 2483

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